

RELIABLE ENERGY ANYWHERE

Current and future heat exchanger needs in USNC microreactor systems

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USNC Core Technology Powers Reliable Energy. Anywhere

EARTH & SPACE

- Family of nuclear power products to address multiple needs
- Carbon-free, Risk-Free
 - from Watts to Mega Watts
- All based on Ultra Safe principles & technologies
- Shared manufacture, deployment operation and services resources



Ultra Safe Nuclear Commercial Power (micro modular reactors): Safe to Environment, People, and Investment - Virtually Indestructible



Nuclear Levels of Safety:

Active Safety - Requires external intervention

- Others
- Passive Safety 1 Dependent on external conditions
- Passive Safety 2 Independent of external conditions
- Intrinsic Safety Design Power and Power Density
- Inherent Safety Physics, Fuel and Materials
 Ultra Safe Nuclear

Ultra Safe Nuclear is stronger safety in more compact form

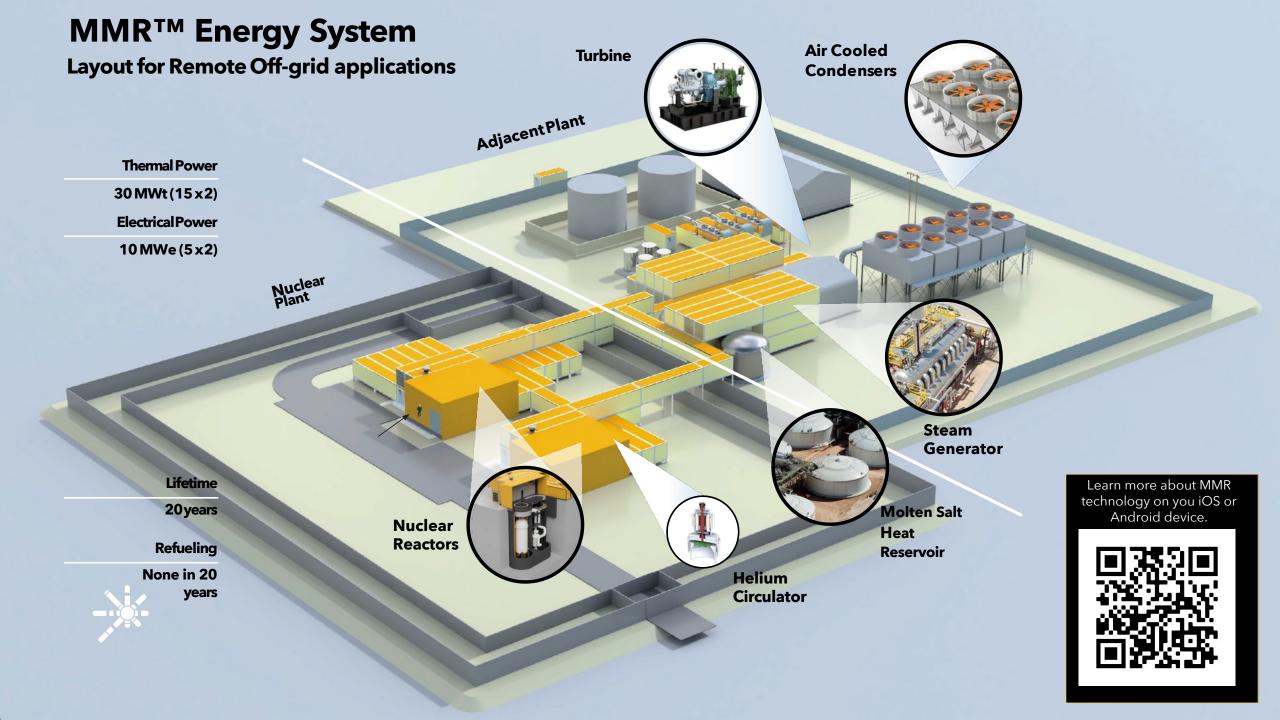
How we do it:

- Low power
- Low power density
- Low-intensity coolants
- High Temperature fuels (FCM®) meltdown proof
- High Temperature materials full ceramic cores

Results:

- Systems lack internal energy No permanent damage
- Malfunctions cannot become "accidents"
- Zero-carbon
- Zero-risk
- Zero-consequences





LICNC Poster Technology

USNC Reactor Technology		CONTROL RODS
Parameter	Value	
Туре	High temperature gas cooled	
Fuel	LEU in FCM™	
Power	15 MWt, 5MWe	REACTOR CORE
Moderator	Graphite	HELIUM CIRCULATOR
Coolant	Helium	REACTOR VESSE
Inlet Temp	300°C	
Outlet Temp	630°C	INTERMEDIATE HEAT EXCHANGER
Fuel cycle	Once fuelled for 20 year life	VESSEL
		HOT GAS DUCT ASSEMBLY
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MMR Heat Transport System Description

Design:

- PCHE / DCHE
- ASME VIII design code
- High temperature austenitic material

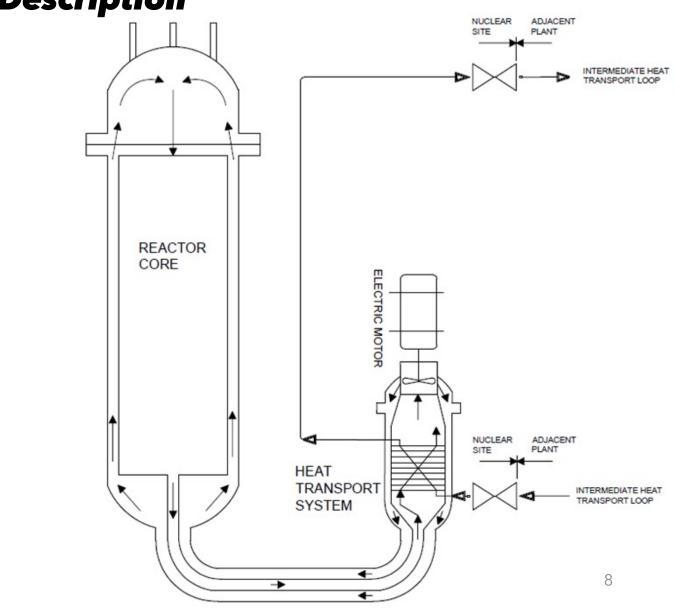
Fluid 1

- Helium
- 630°C/300°C
- 3 MPa
- ~9 kg/s

Fluid 2

- Solar Salt
- 275°C/565°C
- 0.3 MPa
- ~35 kg/s

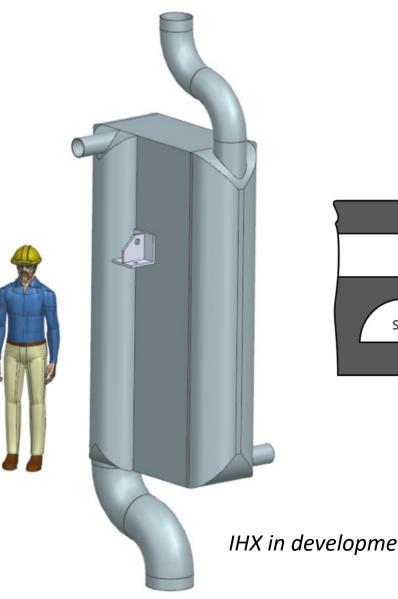


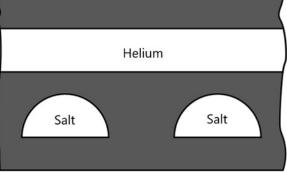


MMR IHX Design

Baseline

- IHX is inside the IHX vessel
- semi circles channel geometry
- Required heat transfer 15MW
- Design temp 650°C
- High purity (K,Na)NO₃ salt





IHX in development with VPE



Future USNC Heat Exchanger Needs for Terrestrial Systems

- 1. Ability to facilitate exchange to more aggressive Cl- and F-based salts to achieve higher temperatures
- 2. A robust heat exchanger solution for supercritical CO₂ (high pressure problems) would be transformational
- 3. Meeting ASME III design code would be very desirable
- 4. Increase in heat exchanger working temp is always desirable (ceramics such as SiC)

Seeking applications beyond the steam and combustion regimes (e.g. H_2 generation) require new heat exchangers



PYLON SPACE POWER

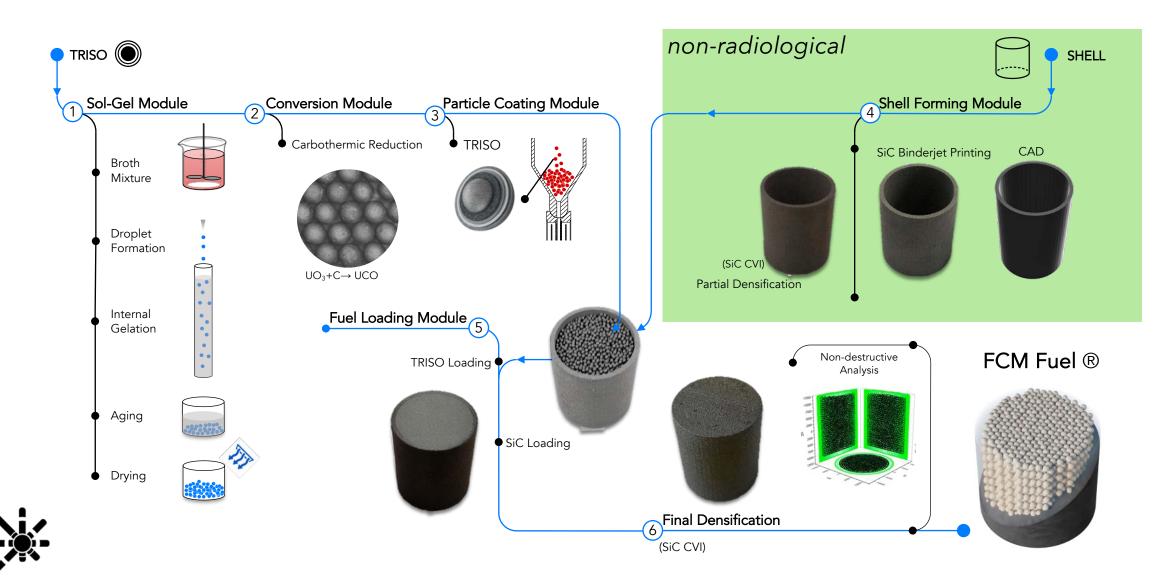
Surface Nuclear Energy Systems

Heat exchange from HeXe to NaK (1000k) and H_2O (400K) is sought for space applications

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Pressures of up to 1-2 MPa is desirable

USNC's TRISO and FCM® Manufacturing Process



USNC is currently commissioning its Advanced Ceramics Manufacturing Facility (Salt Lake City, UT) for 3D printing of high purity SiC







