## **Breakout Session Structure**

- SESSION 1: Breakthroughs in instrumentation
  - High-temperature downhole electronics
  - Remote sensing tools
- SESSION 2: Precision reservoir design and management
  - Controlled stimulation techniques
  - Advancing from simulation to field
  - Supercritical EGS
- Questions that permeate both sessions:
  - How to leverage oil & gas knowledge base and infrastructure
  - Optimal ARPA-E program structure and outcomes



#### **Breakout 1a: Instrumentation**

The focus of breakout 1 is to discuss potential breakthroughs in EGS instrumentation.

- 1. What emerging techniques could be used to identify promising features at EGS depths?
  - E.g. Acoustic nonlinearity, gravimetry from nano-satellites, seismic while drilling
- 2. What components/techniques could enable radical reductions in drilling cost?
- 3. What is measured downhole today (parameter & resolution) and where does that measurement need to be in terms of spatial and/or temporal resolution?
- 4. What are the most urgent needs in hardening/miniaturizing existing sensor technologies?
  - E.g. smart proppants, chemical tracers, NMR relaxometry, neutron logging
- 5. What can we currently not measure that would be impactful?
- 6. What sort of communications infrastructure needs to be in place to make these tools impactful?

#### Across categories:

How much would the areas discussed lower the cost or uncertainty of the EGS development cycle? Are there dependencies between components we need to consider?

## **Breakout 1b: Potential program structure**

- Which areas from the ones discussed today should ARPA-E focus on for a program? Which should ARPA-E avoid?
- What funding level per project is appropriate? \$100k? \$1M? \$10M?
- What value propositions for EGS-related tools could incentivize their deployment?
- What are realistic timeframes and metrics for new EGS tools?
- What are the "laugh test" limits for how low costs can go?



# Breakout 2a: Precision reservoir design and management

#### The focus of breakout 2 is precision reservoir design and management.

- 1. How do we improve control over stimulation techniques? What new methods could be brought to bear on reservoir design?
  - E.g. Directional fracturing, microdrilling, mixed-mechanism stimulation
- 2. Assuming the optimal reservoir design is known, what are the next steps toward achieving it?
  - E.g. Testing in lab, at FORGE, or somewhere else
- 3. What is the state of the art in monitoring reservoir decline over time? Is it possible to improve upon this without extreme intrusiveness?
- 4. What knowledge can be transferred from oil & gas? How do EGS needs deviate from oil & gas needs?
  - E.g. Al/big data, data from well-characterized oil fields
- 5. What practical changes come into play at the brittle-ductile transition zone? Do we know enough to pursue EGS in these areas?
- 6. What would it take to use supercritical  $CO_2$  as the working fluid?



## **Breakout 2b: Potential program structure**

- Which areas from the ones discussed today should ARPA-E focus on for a program? Which should ARPA-E avoid?
- What funding level per project is appropriate? \$100k? \$1M? \$10M?
- What value propositions for EGS-related tools could incentivize their deployment?
- What are realistic timeframes and metrics for new EGS tools?
- What are the "laugh test" limits for how low costs can go?

