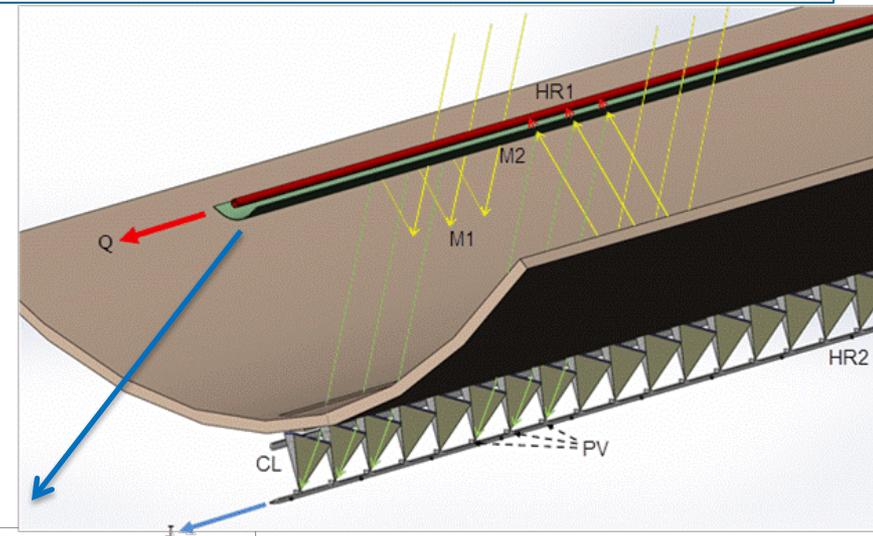
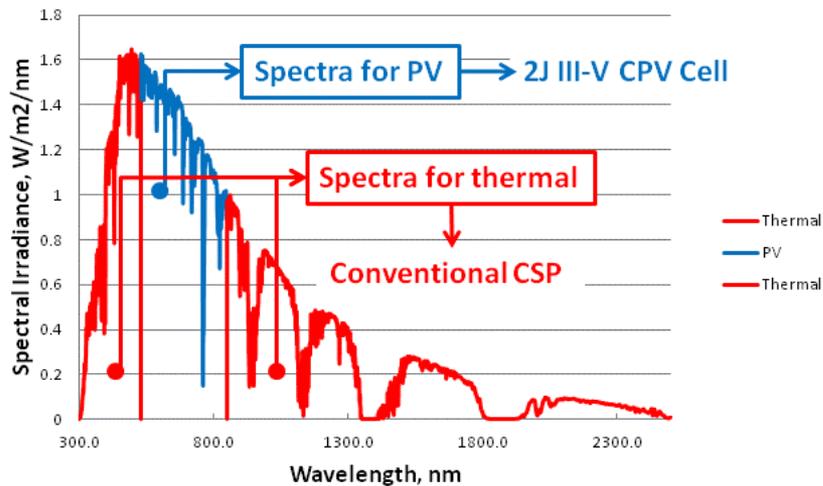


A CSP/CPV Hybrid Solar Energy Conversion System with Full Use of Solar Spectrum

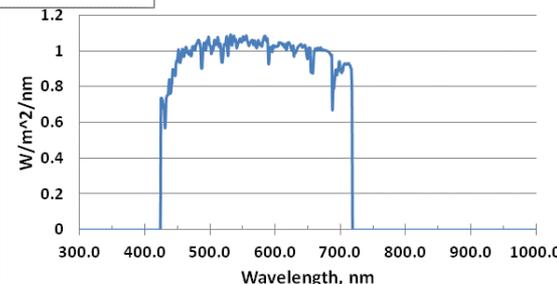
What is the technology?

- The hybrid CPV/CSP technology splits solar rays into PV and thermal bands using a hyperbolic dichroic mirror placed near the primary heat collector.
- PV light is reflected by the dichroic and concentrated onto CPV cells with optimal conversion efficiency, while the rest of sun light is transmitted and collected by the heat collector.

Solar Spectrum AM1.5DNI



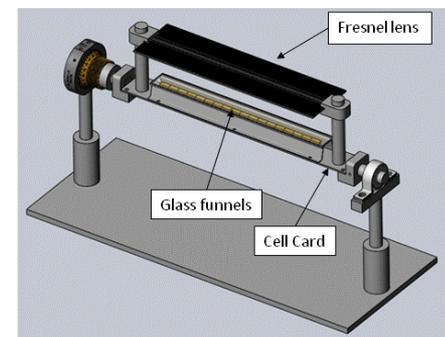
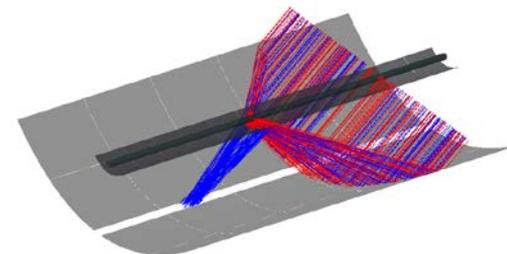
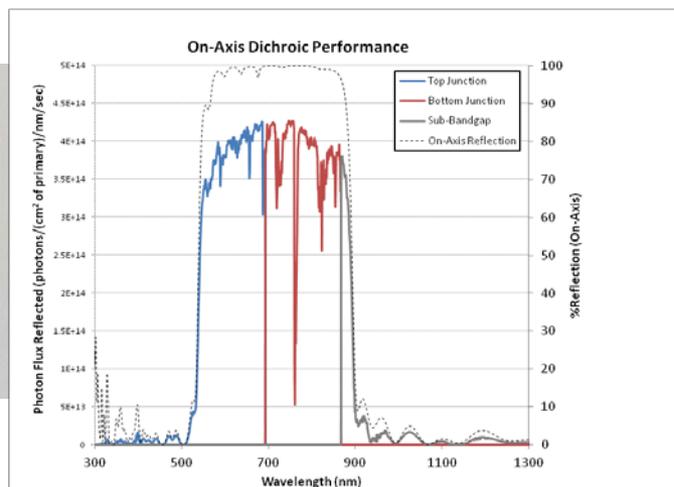
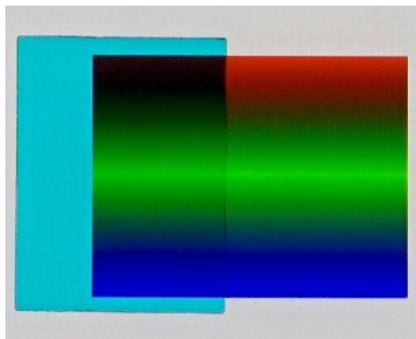
Dichroic Reflection



A CSP/CPV Hybrid Solar Energy Conversion System with Full Use of Solar Spectrum

How does it improve the state-of-the-art?

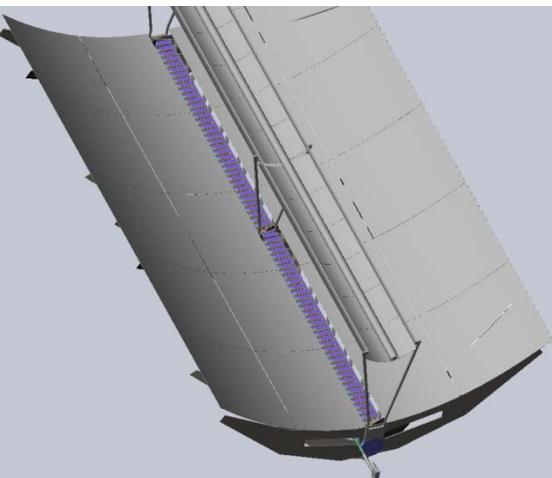
- This hybrid CPV/CSP collector utilizes the whole solar spectrum effectively by splitting solar energy into PV and thermal bands for variable electricity generation and low cost dispatchable thermal storage.
- Combines advantages of CPV and CSP technologies to achieve not only more electricity output but also balanced variable / dispatchable output
- Innovative core technologies: Novel dichroic design with small blue shift; Secondary optics to track and re-focus light; 2J CPV cell; and New collector design to adopt add-on optics



A CSP/CPV Hybrid Solar Energy Conversion System with Full Use of Solar Spectrum

Status and achievements of the project to date

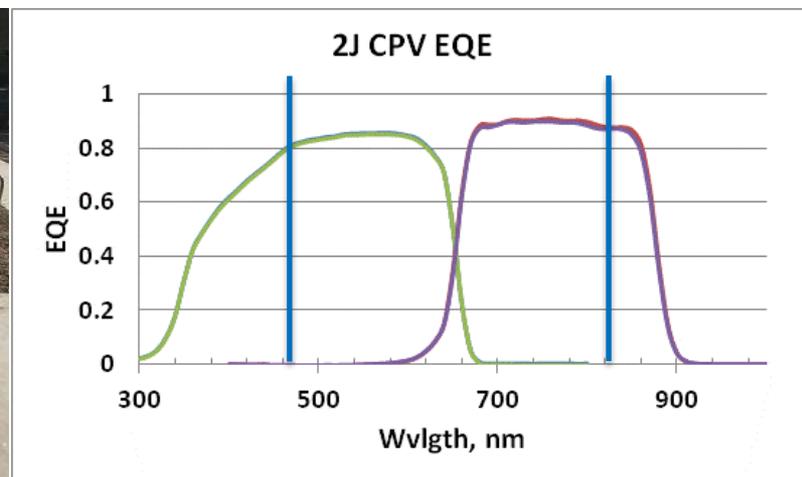
- A full hybrid collector is designed with add-on dichroic mirror and secondary optical module that passes FEA stress tests. System specifications determined.
- A secondary optic design and prototype shows 90% transmittance efficiency.
- A 2J CPV cell designed and tested. Demonstrated annual efficiency >50% in dichroic band selected.
- A hyperbolic glass slump process developed to shape dichroic mirror substrate.
- A dichroic film is being designed intended to minimize skew angle induced blue shift effect.
- A detailed annualized energy output model is established for electricity and exergy of hybrid system.



FEA Stress test finished



90% Transmittance



2J CPV cell designed and tested

A CSP/CPV Hybrid Solar Energy Conversion System with Full Use of Solar Spectrum

Challenges that the team has encountered

- An invariant dichroic design with solar energy weighted angle of incidence on M2 is progressing.
- A low cost field reliable passive thermal management design still needs fine tune.
- A simplified low cost secondary optical module design poses challenge.

