

Status and Potential of Refractory Alloys for Ultrahigh Temperature Applications

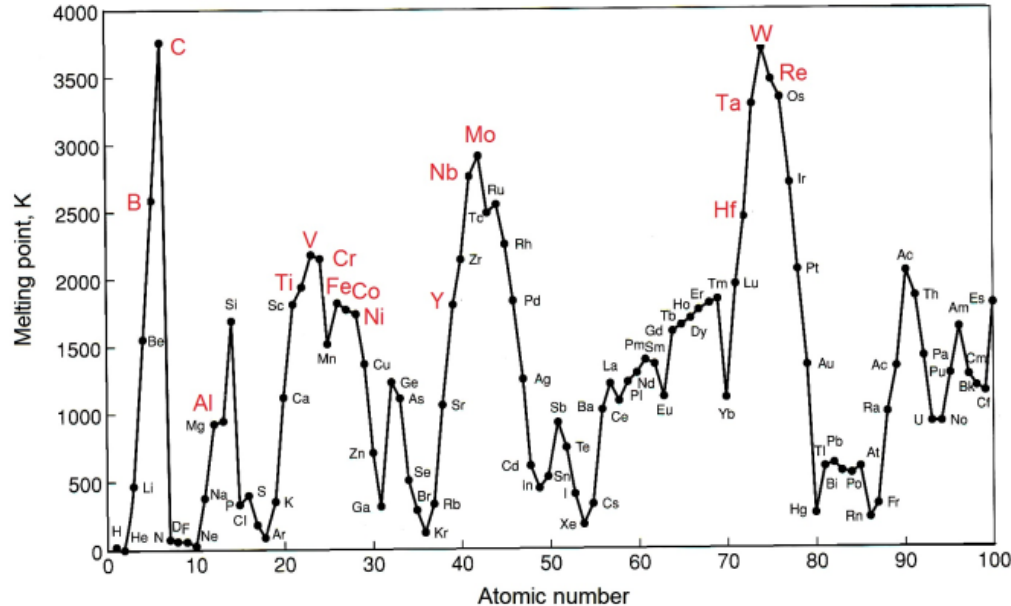
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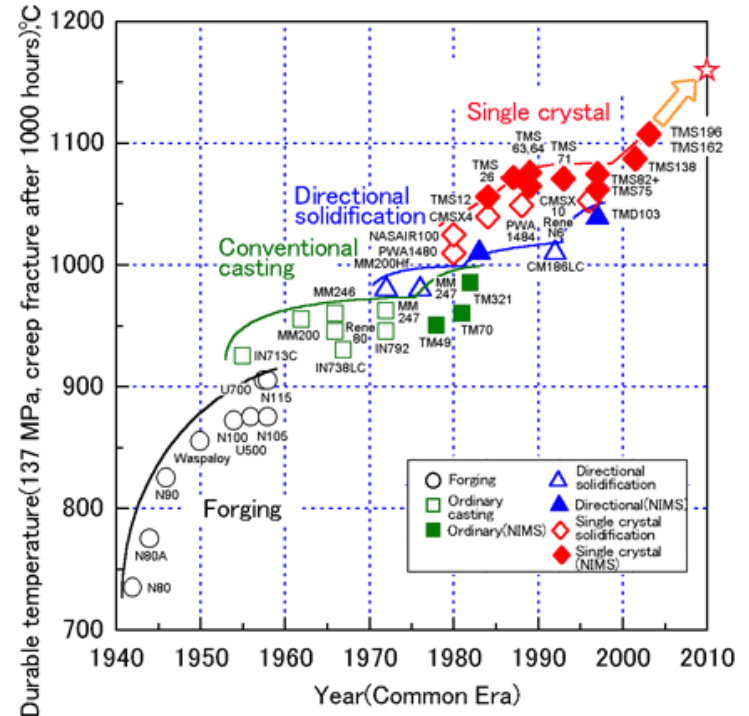
**APRA-E: Ultrahigh Temperature Materials for Energy Applications
Nov. 21-22, Seattle, WA**

High Temperature Metals

What do we have?



Ni-base Superalloys in Jet Engines



- Superalloys limit temperature: 1300-1350C
- Refractory metals have higher temperature capabilities

Refractory Metal Alloys

Group	IVA	VA	VIA	VIIA	VIII
Element	Hf	Nb, Ta	Mo, W	Te, Re	Ru, Os, Rh, Ir

- Alloys for service temps beyond that of Ni- or Co-base superalloys
- $T_m > 1900^\circ\text{C}$

Physical Properties of High Temperature Metals

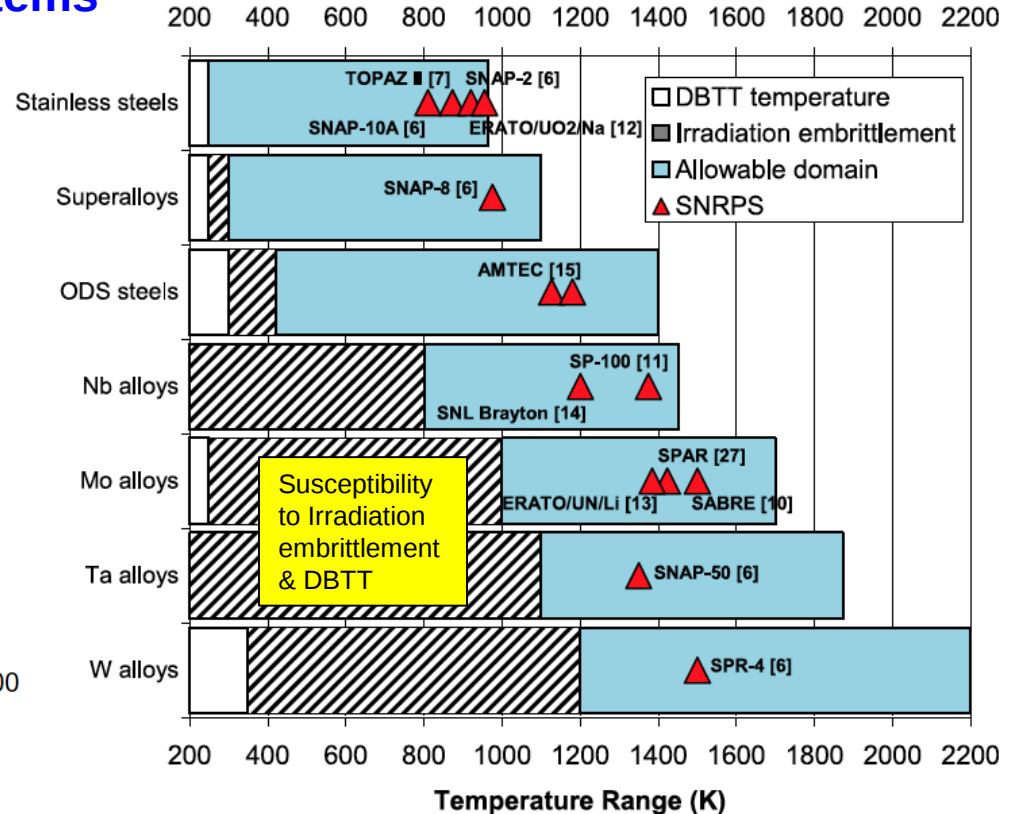
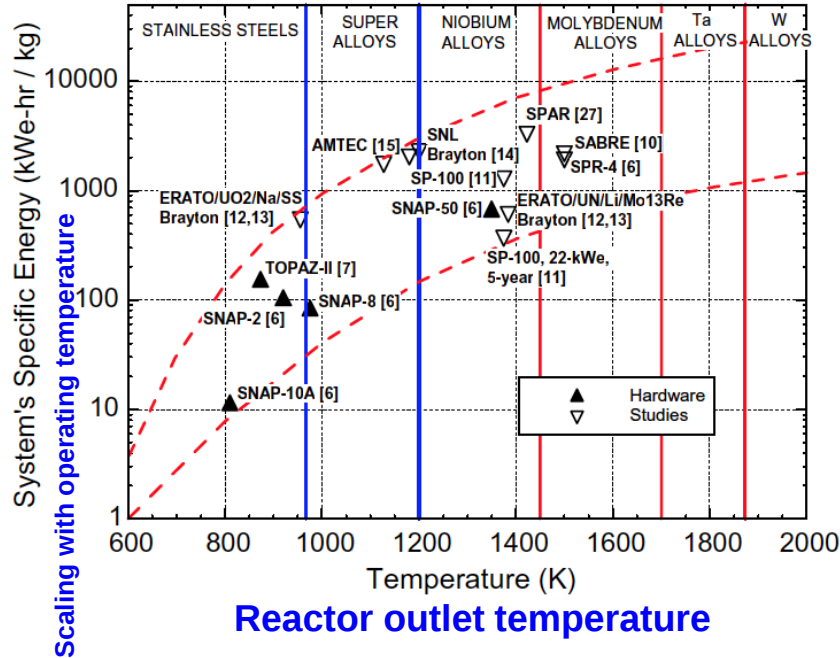
Physical properties	Unit	Refractory metals					Ni and Ni-based superalloy	
		Nb	Ta	Mo	W	Re	Ni	MM-246**
Melting temperature	$^\circ\text{C}$	2468	2996	2610	3410	3180	1455	1315-1345
Density [25 $^\circ\text{C}$]	Mg/m^3	8.56	16.65	10.22	19.3	21.4	8.90	8.44
Coefficient of thermal expansion [R.T.]	10^{-6}K^{-1}	7.3	6.5	4.9	4.6	6.7	13.3(0-100 $^\circ\text{C}$)	11.3(93 $^\circ\text{C}$)
Thermal conductivity [20 $^\circ\text{C}$]	$\text{W/m}\cdot\text{K}$	52.7	54.4	142	155	71	90.5	16.8(427 $^\circ\text{C}$)
Young's modulus [R.T.]	GPa	103	185	324	400	469	204	205
Ductile-brittle transition temperature	$^\circ\text{C}$	-140	-270	30	300	-	-	-

* Mainly from Rikagaku-Jiten(1998,Iwanami,Japan)

** INCO Catalog (High Strength Nickel Base Alloys (1977))

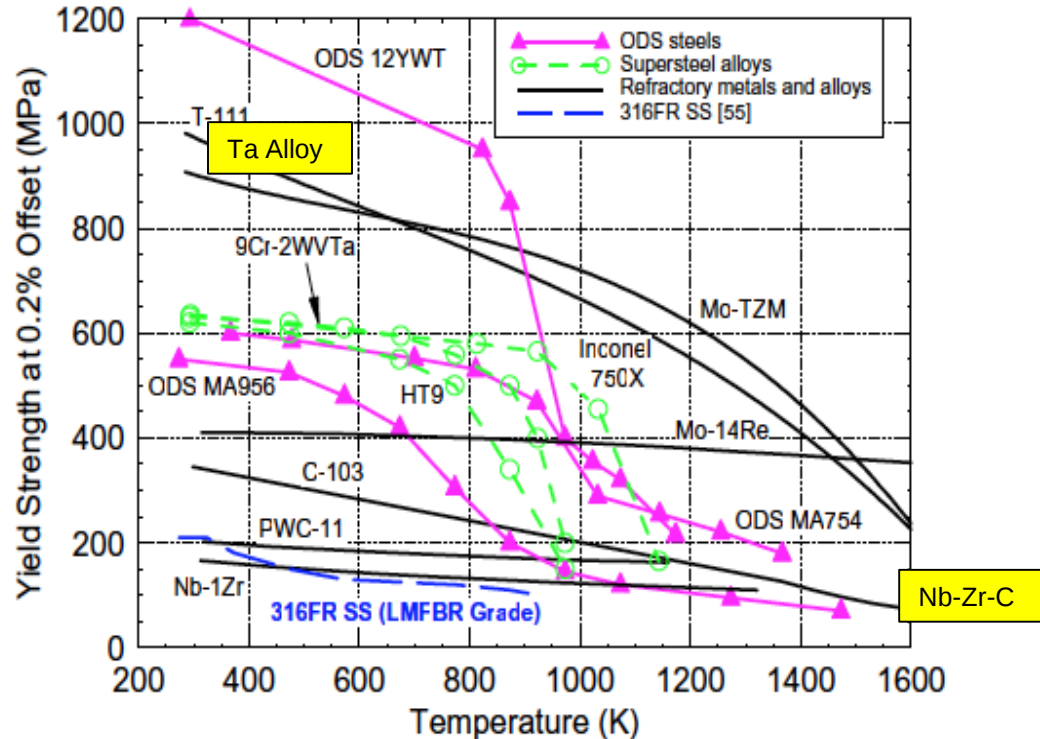
Refractory Alloys from SNRPS Perspective

Space nuclear reactor power systems



Strength Capability of High Temperature Alloys

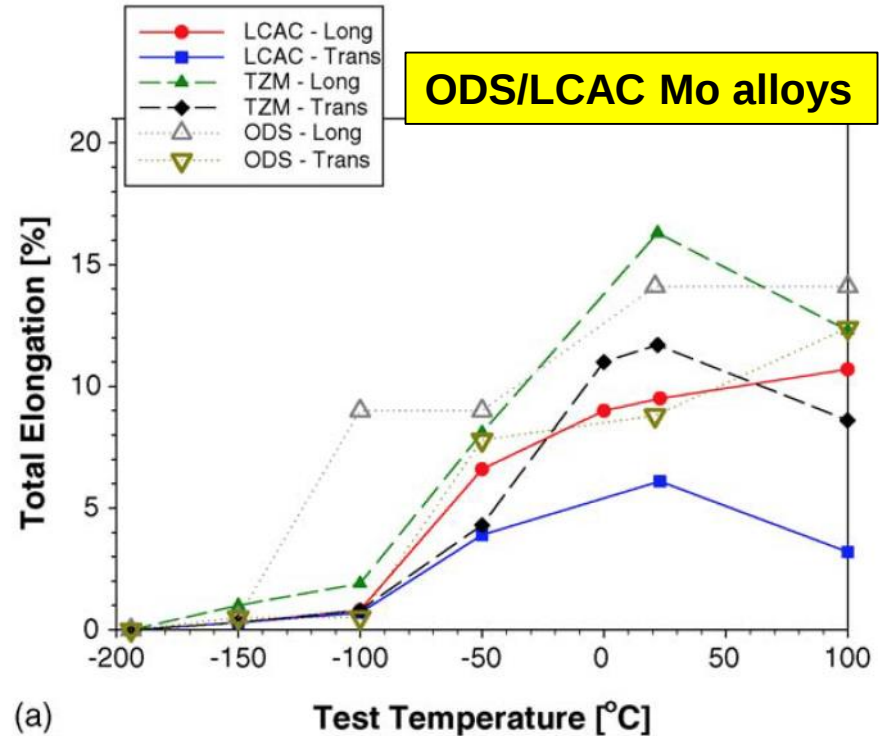
Wrought alloys made in significant amounts



Ductile-Brittle Transition Issues

- Ductile-to-brittle transition is a problem in some refractory alloys
- Interstitial effects on ductility is significant (Nb, Ta) exceptions

Fracture Toughness

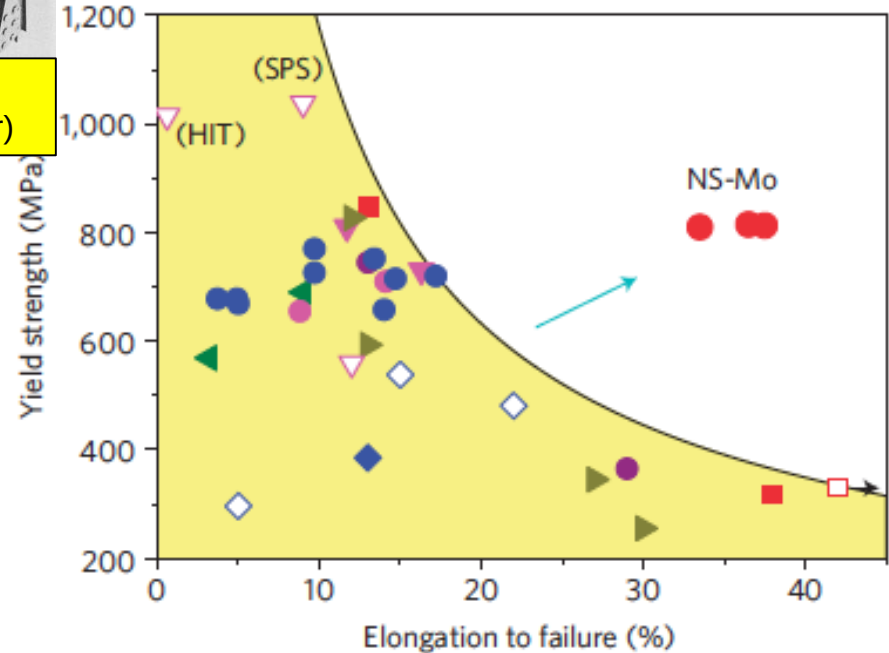
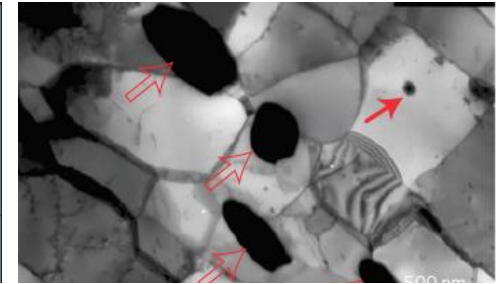
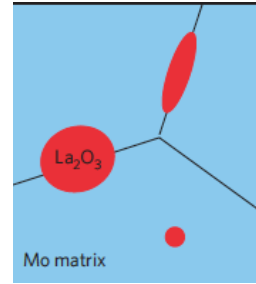
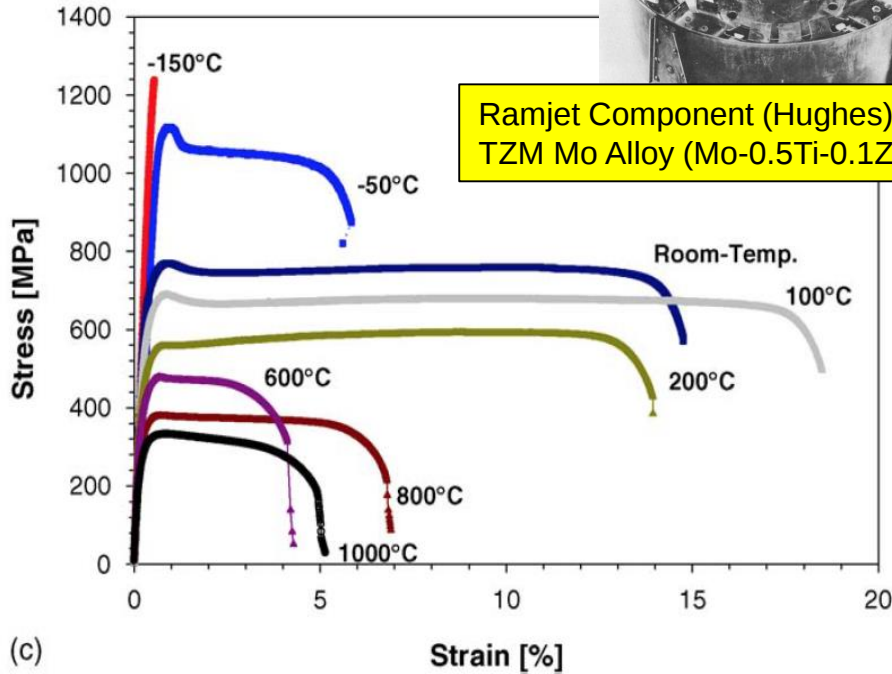


ODS Molybdenum Alloys

Oxide dispersion
strengthening of Mo vs. TZM

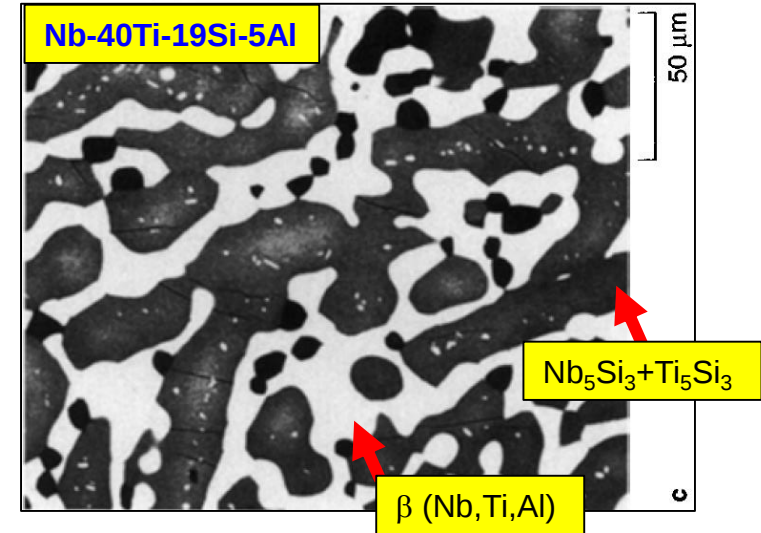
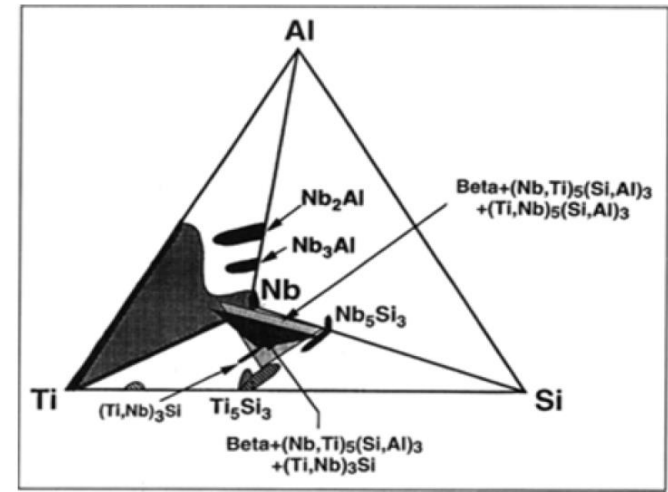
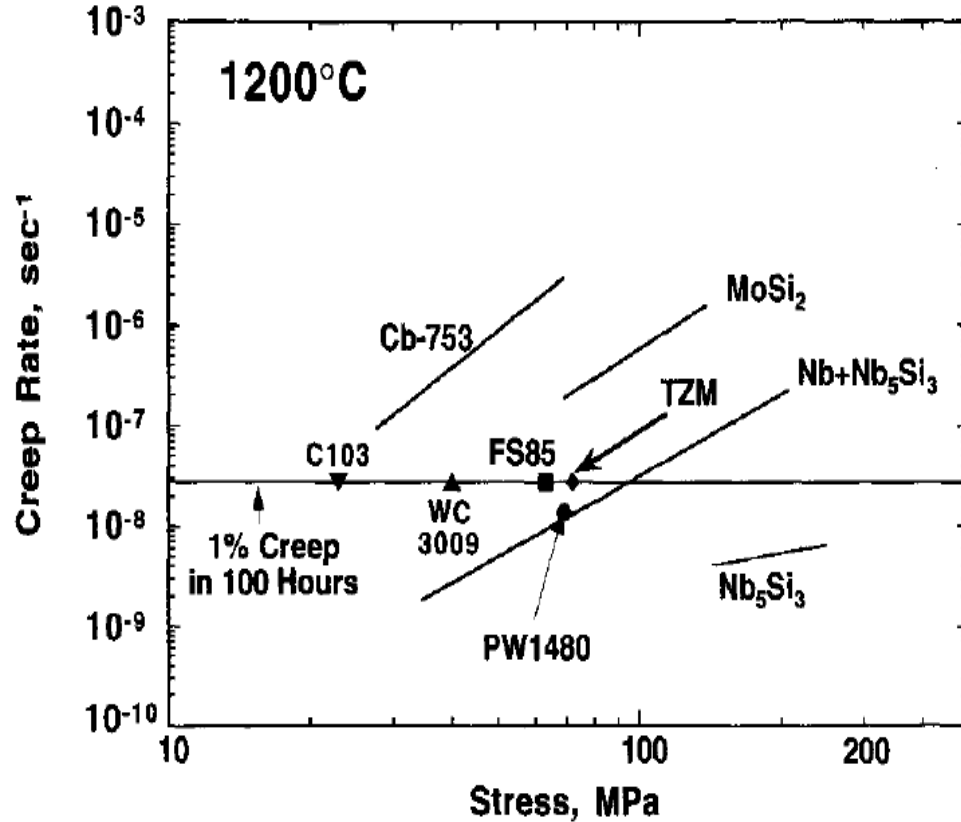


Ramjet Component (Hughes)
TZM Mo Alloy (Mo-0.5Ti-0.1Zr)

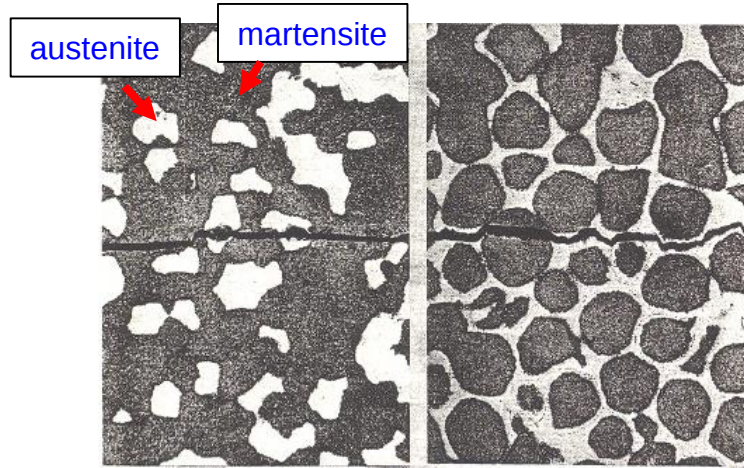


Intermetallic Alloys Based on Niobium Silicide (1990s, AFRL)

P. R. Subramanian, M. G. Mendiratta, and D. M. Dimiduk *JOM* 48, no. 1 (1996): 33-38.



Toughening Intermetallic Alloys by Ductile Phases

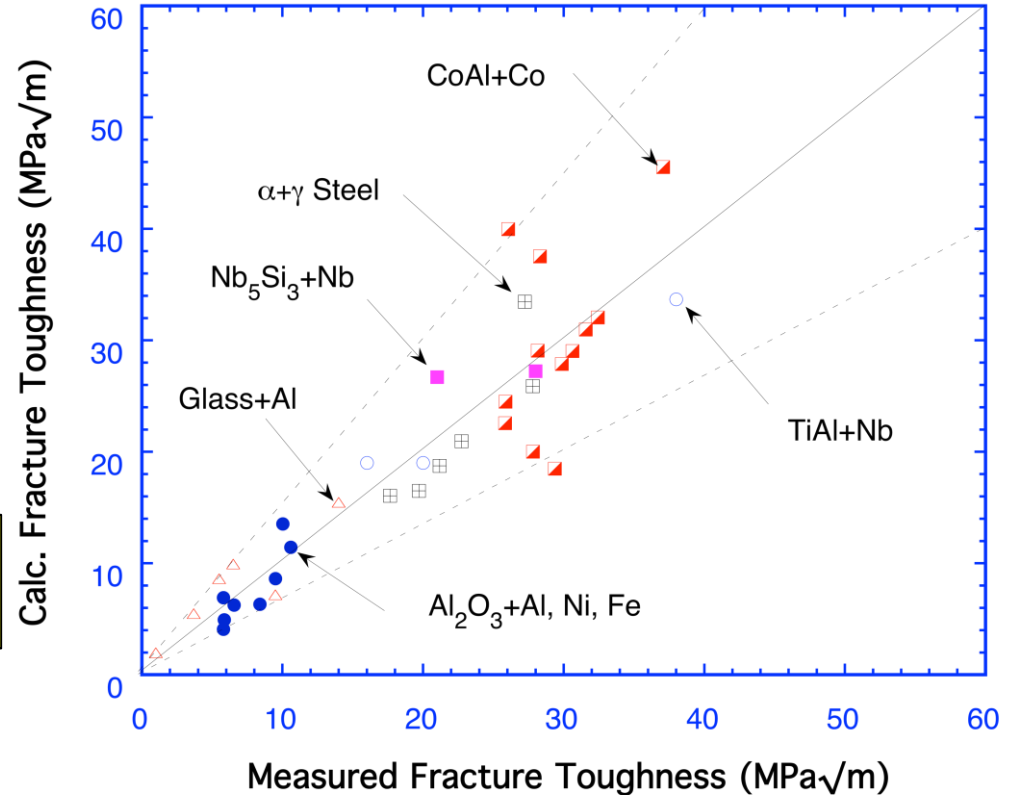


H. Fischmeister, et al *Z. Metallkd.* 80, no. 12 (1989): 8

$$K_{ic} = \sqrt{\frac{E_c(1 - V_f)K_b(1 - \nu_b^2)}{E_b(1 - \nu_c^2)}} + \frac{\beta V_f E_c \sigma_{eff,d} h_d}{(1 - \nu_c^2)}$$

Toughness
of hard phase

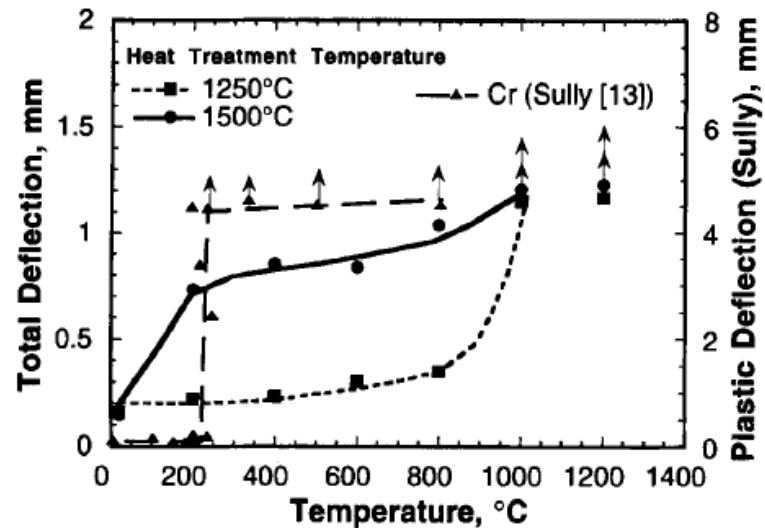
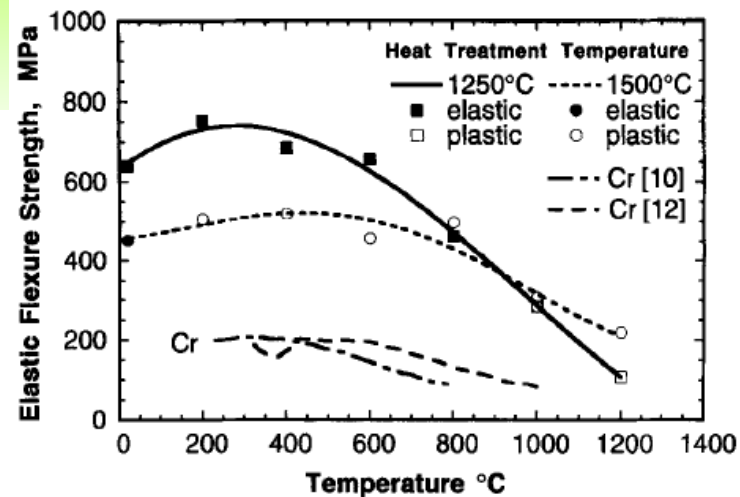
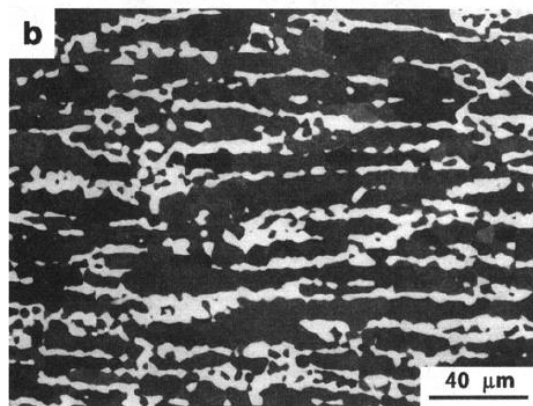
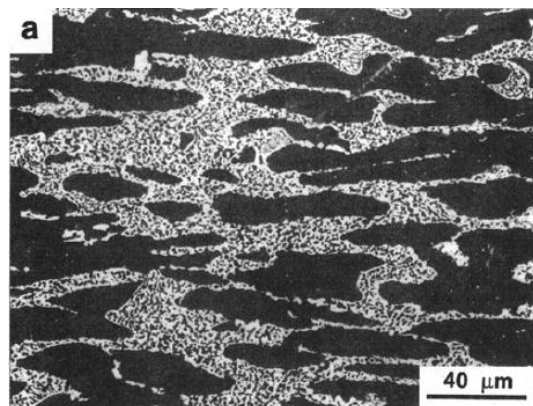
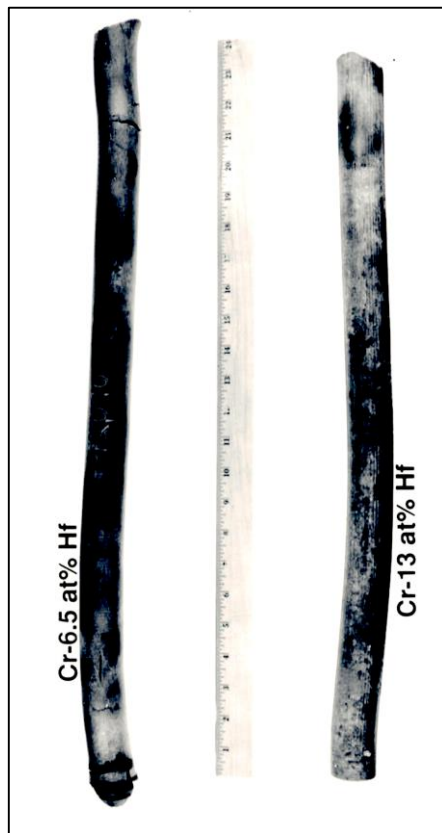
Toughness
of ductile phase



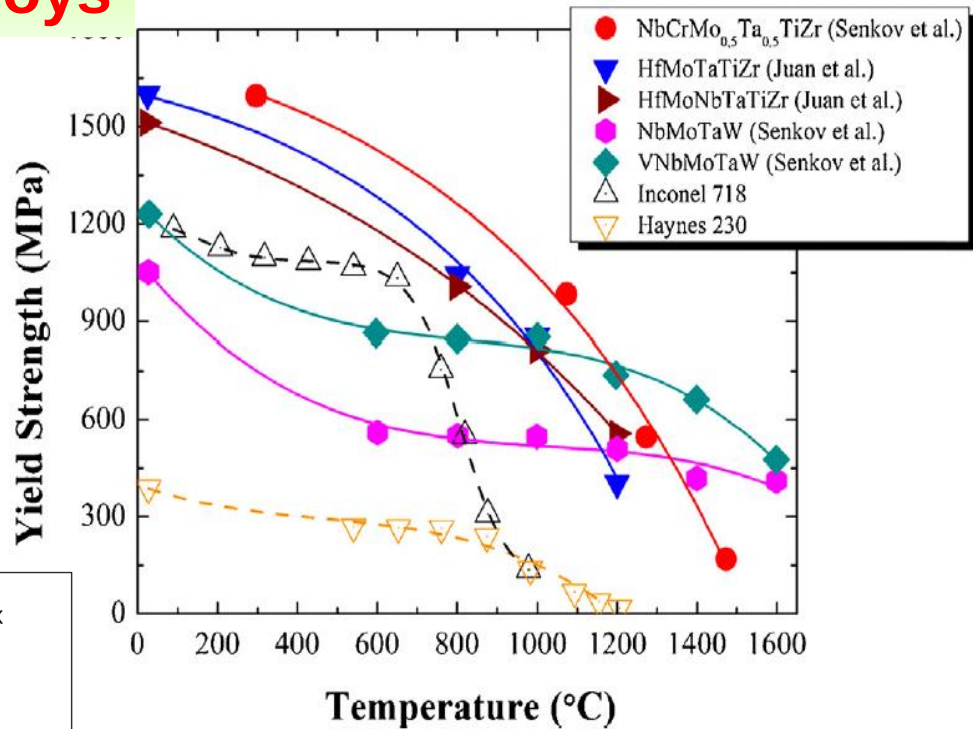
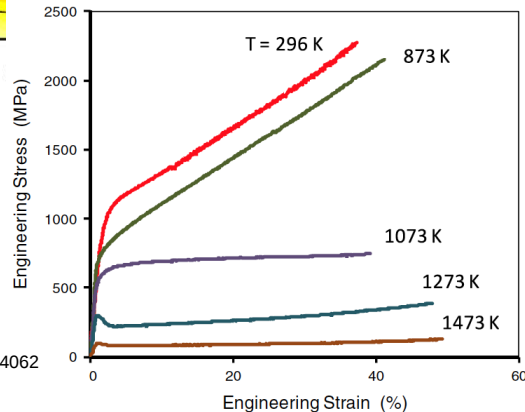
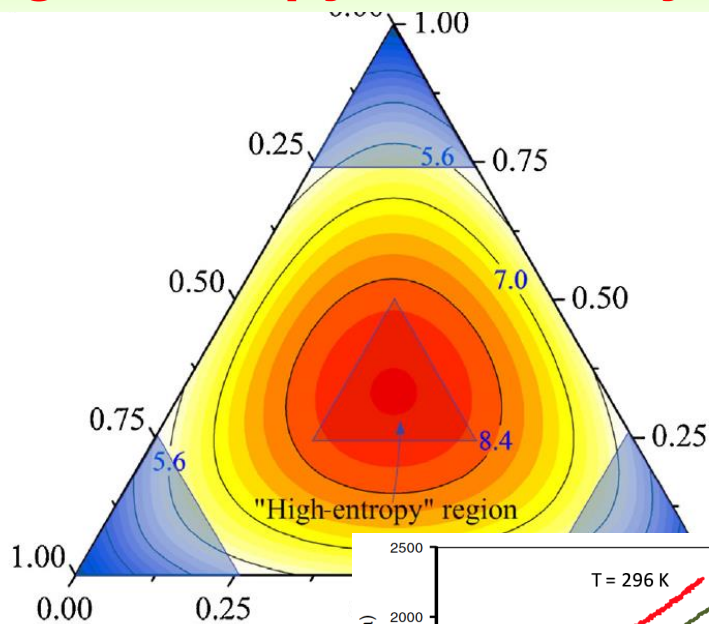
K. S. Ravichandran, "A survey of toughness in ductile phase composites." *Scripta Metall. Mater.*; 26 (1992).

K. S. Ravichandran, "Fracture toughness of two phase WC-Co cermets." *Acta Metall. Mater.*; 42, no. 1 (1994): 143-150.

Cr-Hf / Cr-Nb Intermetallic Alloys



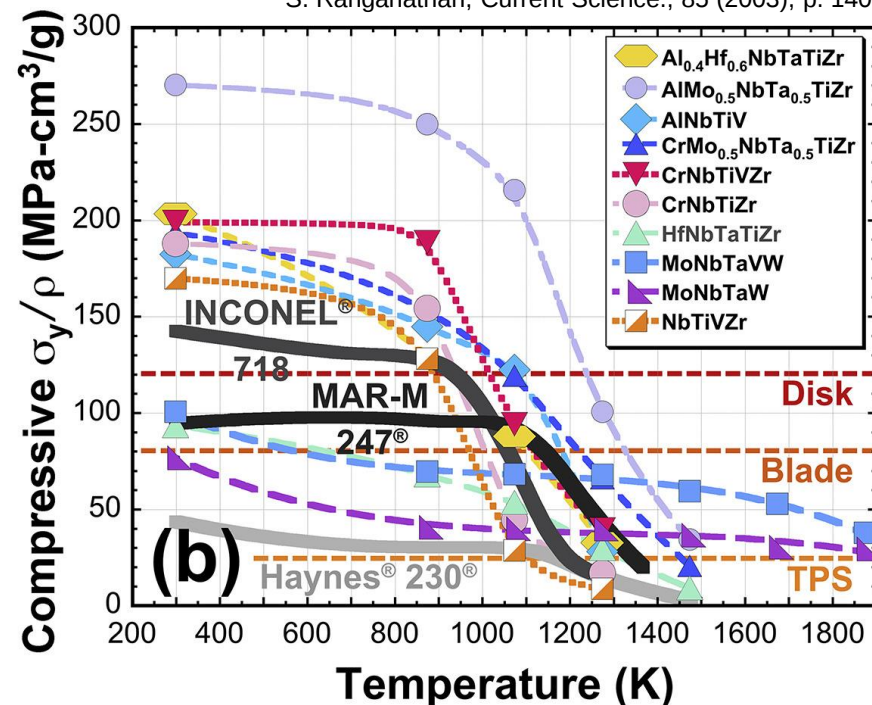
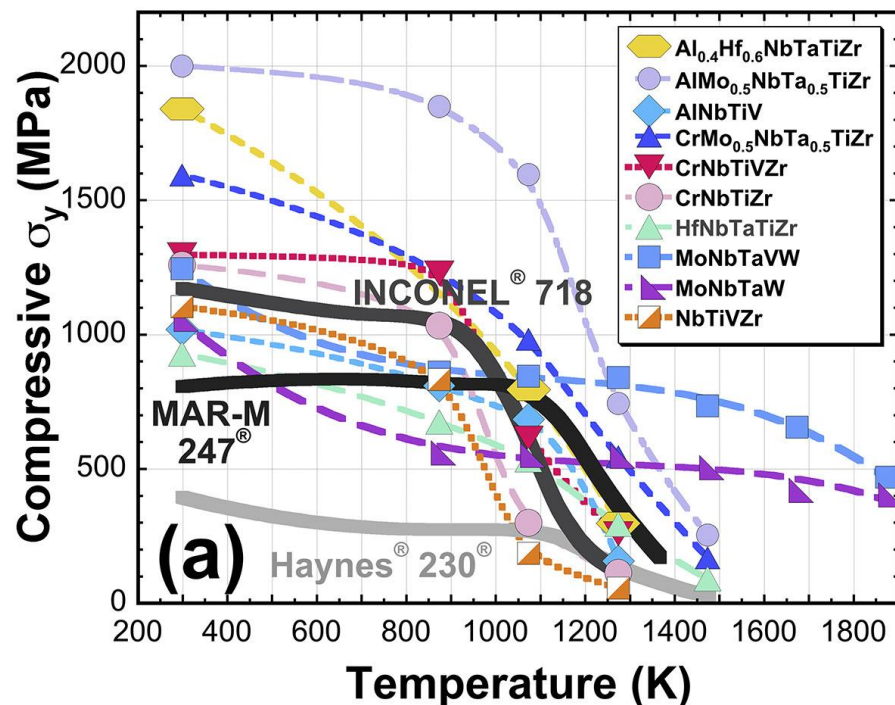
High Entropy Refractory Alloys



High Entropy Alloys—A Compilation

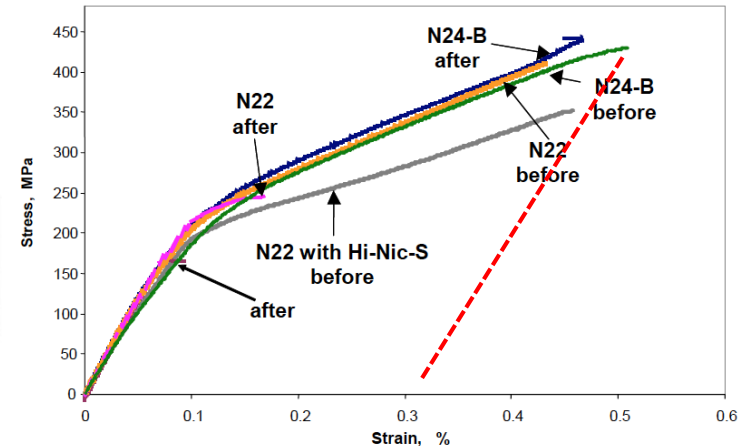
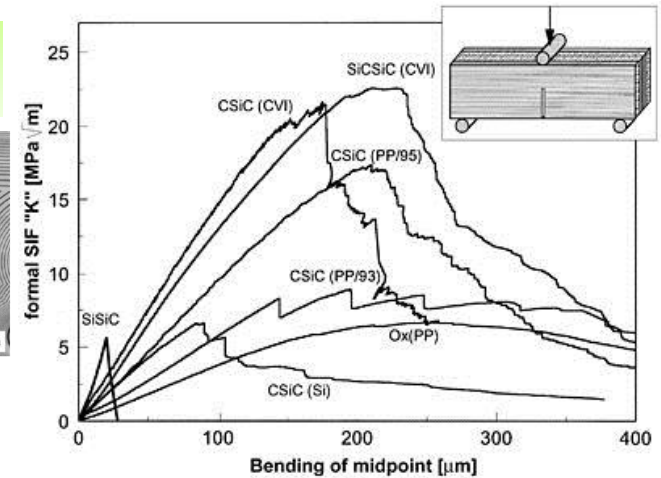
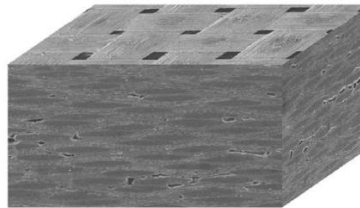
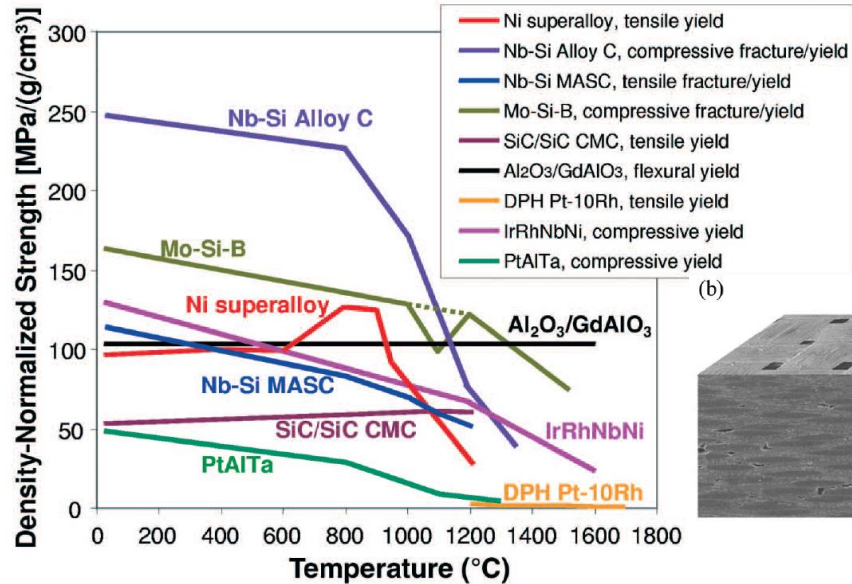
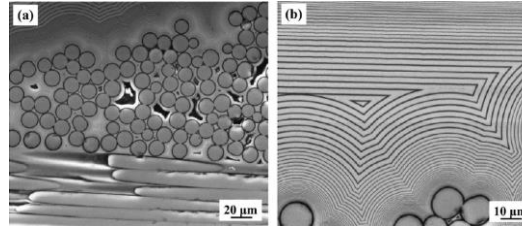
“Multielement Cocktails”

S. Ranganathan, Current Science., 85 (2003), p. 1404



Ceramic Matrix Composites (Woven)

- Good specific strength
- Low tensile strain to failure
- Impact energy absorption?



Challenges in Development of New Alloys

Some Basic Requirements

- Is there prior work in a given system..?
- Start with a qualitative idea & employ quantitative methods (CALPHAD)
- Make decent size bulk pieces
- Establish property goals

Structure-Property-Correlations

- Bend testing on small samples
- Final properties on ASTM size samples
- Ductility & Fracture Toughness
- Creep Resistance

Strength vs. Toughness Check

